### **CIVIL SOCIETY LETTER**

# PROPOSAL BY INDIA AND SOUTH AFRICA ON WAIVER FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE TRIPS AGREEMENT FOR THE PREVENTION, CONTAINMENT AND TREATMENT OF COVID-19

14<sup>th</sup> October 2020

Dear Members of the World Trade Organization,

We the undersigned organisations call on all WTO Members to strongly support the adoption of the decision text proposed by India and South Africa in their proposal for "Waiver from certain provisions of the TRIPS Agreement for the prevention, containment and treatment of COVID19" (Waiver Proposal).

When COVID-19 was declared to be a pandemic, there was overwhelming consensus that to curb the spread of COVID-19, there was an urgent need for international collaboration to speed up product development, scale up of manufacturing, expand the supply of effective medical technologies and ensure everyone, everywhere is protected. There were even calls including from several Heads of State for COVID-19 medical products to be treated as global public goods.

Seven months into the pandemic, there is no meaningful global policy solution to ensure access. Instead, there is an inequality of access to critical technologies that are needed to address the pandemic. Many countries, especially developing and least developed countries struggling to contain COVID-19 have experienced and are facing acute shortages of medical products, including access to diagnostic testing. Furthermore, wealthy nations representing only 13 percent of the global population have locked up at least half the doses of the world's five leading potential vaccines.<sup>2</sup>

In this pandemic, the pharmaceutical industry has mainly pursued "business as usual" approaches, entrenching monopolistic intellectual property (IP) controls over COVID-19 health technologies that restrict scale-up of manufacturing, lock out diversified suppliers, and undermine competition that results in lower prices. A few companies, such as Astra Zeneca, have pledged not for profit prices during the pandemic, and yet by maintaining control over these technologies, can unilaterally declare the end of the pandemic and increase prices to maximise profits, even if it undermines international efforts to save lives.<sup>3</sup>

The COVID-19 Technology Access Pool (C-TAP) launched by WHO (to voluntarily share knowledge, IP and data), has been rejected by the pharmaceutical industry.<sup>4</sup> Instead, companies continue to sign secretive and restrictive licensing agreements. For example, Gilead Sciences' secret licensing agreements for remdesivir, a medicine that was developed with substantial public funding, are restricted to a few manufacturers of its choosing, thereby preventing low-cost supply to nearly half of the world's population. Unsurprisingly, there have been global shortages of the medicine, with many developing countries yet to see even a single vial of the treatment exported to them. Given the medicine's limited effectiveness, we are deeply concerned that such an approach for a safe and effective therapy will exclude even more people from treatment access.

Additionally, emerging intellectual property infringement disputes on COVID-19 technologies threatens to block collaborative research and development and manufacturing of COVID-19 medical products<sup>5</sup>.

These restrictive business strategies have directly translated into exorbitant pricing and profiteering,<sup>6</sup> With entire health systems already overwhelmed by COVID-19 and with governments facing a looming economic crisis, the health budgets of many countries simply cannot sustain highly priced COVID-19 medical products. These realities will also hinder production by any competent manufacturer and impede the full freedom to collaborate, in developing, producing, importing and exporting the needed medical products.

While the TRIPS Agreement contains flexibilities that can promote access, many WTO Members may face challenges in using them promptly and effectively. For instance, compulsory license offers a "product by product", and "country by country" approach with variations in national laws, whereas the pandemic requires collective global action to tackle IP barriers and facilitate technology transfer. Where the IP barrier is beyond patents, national laws may not provide for sufficient flexibilities. Further, Article 31bis, a mechanism to supply countries with insufficient manufacturing capacity, does not provide an expedited solution and many countries have also opted out of using the mechanism.

Unless concrete steps are taken at the global level to address intellectual property and technology barriers, the abovementioned failures and shortcomings will replay as new medicines, vaccines and other medical products are rolled out. Access will have to be rationed, with devastating effects for public health and global economic recovery.

In a global pandemic where every country is affected, we need a global solution.<sup>7</sup> Adoption of a Waiver at the WTO level will suspend implementation, application and enforcement of the relevant provisions of the TRIPS Agreement in relation to prevention, containment, and treatment of COVID-19. It enables an expedited, open and automatic global solution to allow uninterrupted collaboration in development, production and supply, and to collectively address the global challenge facing all countries. It's time for governments to take collective responsibility and put people's lives before corporate monopolies.

Therefore, we strongly request you to unequivocally support the adoption of the proposed Waiver at the upcoming TRIPS Council meeting.

## **SIGNATORIES**

# Global

- 1. Commons Network
- 2. Curbing Corruption
- 3. Friends of the Earth International
- 4. GRAIN
- 5. Grail Justice and Trade Agreements Network
- 6. Health Action International (HAI)
- 7. Health Global Access Project
- 8. Health Poverty Action
- 9. Institute for Agriculture and Trade Policy
- 10. International Trade Union Confederation (ITUC)
- 11. International Treatment Preparedness Coalition
- 12. Knowledge Ecology International (KEI)
- 13. LDC Watch
- 14. Médecins du Monde
- 15. Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) Access Campaign

- 16. Oxfam
- 17. Pan-African International
- 18. Peoples Health Movement
- 19. People's Vaccine Alliance
- 20. Public Services International (PSI)
- 21. Regions Refocus
- 22. Religious of the Sacred Heart of Mary
- 23. Southern African Programme on Access to Medicines and Diagnosis (SAPAM)
- 24. Social Watch
- 25. Society for international Development
- 26. Transnational Institute
- 27. Transparency International Health Initiative
- 28. Third World Network
- 29. Universities Allied for Essential Medicines (UAEM)
- 30. Womankind Worldwide

## Regional

- 31. Africa Development Interchange Network (ADIN),
- 32. African Alliance
- 33. Africa Young Positives Network (AY +)
- 34. Asia Pacific Forum on Women, Law and Development
- 35. Asia Pacific Network of People Living with HIV (APN+)
- 36. Associação Brasileira de Economia Industrial e Inovação
- 37. Building and Wood Workers International Asia Pacific
- 38. Comité de América Latina y el Caribe para la defensa de los Derechos de las Mujeres, Latin America y el Caribe
- 39. DAWN (Development Alternatives with Women for a New Era), Global South
- 40. EEPA, Europe External Programme with Africa
- 41. EHNE-BIZKAIA, Euskal Herria, Basque Country
- 42. Eurasian harm reduction association, CEECA
- 43. European Alliance for Responsible R&D and Affordable Medicines, Europe
- 44. Focus on the Global South
- 45. Health Action International Asia Pacific
- 46. International Treatment Preparedness Coalition Regional Office for Latino America and Caribbean
- 47. International Treatment Preparedness Coalition- South Asia
- 48. International Treatment Preparedness Coalition, Middle East and North Africa
- 49. National Alliance of Women / Asia Pacific Women Watch
- 50. NGO Forum on ADB
- 51. Network TB people
- 52. Pacific Network on Globalisation
- 53. Public Service Accountability Monitor (PSAM)
- 54. REDCA+ El Salvador, Belize, Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Honduras, Guatemala, Panama
- 55. Red Latinoamericana por el Acceso a Medicamentos (RedLAM)
- 56. South Asia Alliance for Poverty Eradication (SAAPE)
- 57. Southern and Eastern Africa Trade Information and Negotiations Institute
- 58. The Access IBSA Project, India-Brazil-South Africa
- 59. The African Women's Network for Community management of Forests
- 60. Treatment preparedness Coalition in Eastern Europe and Central Asia (ITPCru)
- 61. Yolse, Santé Publique et Innovation

#### **National**

62. 1:1 diet, Gauteng, South Africa

- 63. 100 Percent Life, Ukraine
- 64. Access to Medicines Ireland
- 65. Access to Medicines Research Group, China
- 66. Acción internacional para la Salud AIS, Perú
- 67. Action Aid Association, India
- 68. Actions against AIDS (Aktionsbündnis gegen AIDS) Germany
- 69. Action Governance Forum AGF, Zambia
- 70. Active Citizens Movement, South Africa
- 71. Africa Trade Network, Ghana
- 72. Africaine de Recherche et de Coopération pour l'appui Au Développement Endogène (ARCADE), Senegal
- 73. AIDES, France
- 74. AIDS Access Foundation, Bangkok, Thailand
- 75. Água Doce Serviços Populares, Brazil
- 76. Alianza por la Solidaridad, Spain
- 77. All India Drug Action Network, India
- 78. Amabele Project Flamingo, South Africa
- 79. Anti Free Trade Agreements Committee, India
- 80. APINTLAW (associated program for international law), Indonesia
- 81. Apoyo Positivo, Madrid, Spain
- 82. Ari's Cancer Foundation, South Africa
- 83. Arzte des Welt e.V.I Doctors of the World Germany, Germany
- 84. Asia Pacific Network of People Living with HIV (APN+), Thailand
- 85. Association Chabab El Borj, Morocco
- 86. Associação Brasileira Interdisciplinar de AIDS (ABIA), Brazil
- 87. Associação Brasileira de Saúde Bucal Coletiva, Brazil
- 88. Association de lutte contre la dépendance ALCD, Mauritania
- 89. Associação Mulher lei e desenvolvimento, Mozambique
- 90. Asociación por un Acceso Justo al Medicamento, Spain
- 91. Asociación Nacional de Profesionales en Enfermería, Costa Rica
- 92. Association for Promotion Sustainable Development, Hawaii
- 93. Association for Proper Internet Governance, Switzerland
- 94. Association for Public Health Teaching, Research and Service, Nigeria
- 95. Association Nigérienne des Scouts de l'Environnement (ANSEN), Niger
- 96. Association of Physicians for Humanism, Republic of Korea (South)
- 97. ATTAC Hungary Association, Hungary
- 98. Auditoría Ciudadana de la Deuda en Sanidad (Audita Sanidad), Spain
- 99. Australian Arts Trust, Australia
- 100. Both ENDS, The Netherlands
- 101. Brazilian Association of Public Health, Brazil
- 102. Bread for all, Switzerland
- 103. Breast Course 4 Nurses (BCN), South Africa
- 104. Breast Health Foundation (BHF), South Africa
- 105. BUKO Pharma-Kampagne, Germany
- 106. CADIRE CAMEROON ASSOCIATION, Cameroon
- 107. Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives, Canada
- 108. Cancer Alliance, South Africa
- 109. Cancer Association of South Africa (CANSA), South Africa
- 110. Cancer Heroes, South Africa
- 111. Cancer Patients Aid Association, India
- 112. CanSir, South Africa
- 113. CanSurvive Cancer Support (CanSurvive), South Africa
- 114. Cape Mental Health (CMH), South Africa
- 115. CAPRISA Centre for the AIDS Programme of Research in South Africa, South Africa

- 116. Care for Cancer Foundation, South Africa
- 117. Childhood Cancer Foundation of South Africa (CHOC), South Africa
- 118. CENADEP, République Démocratique du Congo
- 119. Center for Health, Human Rights and Development, Uganda
- 120. Center for Law, Innovation and Creativity, Northeastern U. School of Law, United States
- 121. Center for Policy Analysis on Trade and Health, United States
- 122. Centre for Research on Multinational Corporations (SOMO), The Netherlands
- 123. Centre de Recherches et d'Appui pour les Alternatives de Développement Océan Indien, Madagascar
- 124. Centre national de coopération au développement (CNCD-11.11.11), Belgium
- 125. Centro de Internet y Sociedad de la Universidad del Rosario ISUR, Colombia
- 126. Centro Internazionale Crocevia, Italy
- 127. Citizens' Health Initiative (CHI), Malaysia
- 128. Citizens Trade Campaign, United States
- 129. Clare Cerfontyne, South Africa
- 130. Coordinadora de Organizaciones de Agricultores y Ganaderos (COAG), Spain
- 131. Coalición de Tendencia Clasista (CTC-VZLA), Venezuela
- 132. Coalition of women living with HIV and AIDS, Malawi
- 133. COAST Trust, Bangladesh
- 134. Consumer Association of Penang, Malaysia
- 135. Consumer Association the Quality of Life, Greece
- 136. Co-operative and Policy Alternative Center, South Africa
- 137. Coordination Forum of NGOs Working among the Palestinian Community
- 138. Council of Canadians, Conseil des Canadiens, Canada
- 139. Creative Commons México, México
- 140. CTA Autonoma (central de trabajadores de la argentina), Argentina
- 141. Dandora Community Aids Support Association, Kenya
- Delhi Network of Positive People (DNP+), India
- 143. Diabetes SA, South Africa
- 144. Difäm e.V. (German Institute for Medical Mission), Germany
- Discipline of Occupational and Environmental Health, University of KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa
- 146. Diverse Voices and Action (DIVA) for Equality, Fiji
- 147. Diverse Women for Diversity, India
- 148. Division of Health Systems and Public Health, Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences Stellenbosch University, South Africa
- 149. Doctors Without Borders (MSF), South Africa
- 150. Drug Action Forum-Karnataka, India
- 151. Ecologistas en Acción, Spain
- 152. Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights, Egypt
- 153. Ekumenická akademie (Ecumenical Academy), Czech Republic
- 154. Epilepsy SA, South Africa
- 155. Equidad de Género: Ciudadanía, Trabajo y Familia, Mexico
- 156. Environmental Management Trust, Zimbabwe
- 157. EQUIT Institute Gender, Economy and Global Citizenship, Brazil
- 158. Equity and Justice Working Group, Bangladesh (EquityBD), Bangladesh
- 159. Espace associatif, Morocco
- 160. Faculty of Public Health, University of Ibadan, Nigeria
- 161. Farmacéuticos Mundi, Spain
- 162. Federación de Asociaciones para la Defensa de la Sanidad Pública, España
- Federación Española de Asociaciones de Estudiantes de Medicina para la Cooperación international (IFMSA-Spain), Spain
- 164. FIAN India
- 165. Fiji Youth Sexual & Reproductive Health Alliance, Fiji

- 166. Foaesp Forum das Ong Aids do estado de São Paulo, Brazil
- 167. FOCO Foro Ciudadano de Participación por la Justicia y los Derechos Humanos, Argentine
- 168. Fix the Patent Law, South Africa
- 169. Fondation Eboko, France/Congo
- 170. Food Sovereignty Ghana, Ghana
- 171. Foundation for AIDS Rights, Thailand
- 172. Foundation for Integrative AIDS Research (FIAR), United States
- 173. FTA Watch, Thailand
- 174. Fundación Arcoíris por el respeto a la diversidad sexual, Mexico
- 175. Fundación GEP, Argentina
- 176. Fundación IFARMA, Colombia
- 177. Fundación Karisma, Colombia
- 178. Fundación Mexicana para la Planeación Familiar, A. C. MEXFAM, México
- 179. Fundación Vía Libre, Argentina
- 180. Gandhi Development Trust, KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa
- 181. GAT- Grupo de Ativistas em Tratamentos, Portugal
- 182. GenderCCSA, Gauteng, South Africa
- 183. Gene Ethics Limited, Australia
- 184. Gestos HIV and AIDS communication gender, Brazil
- 185. Gladiators of Hope, South Africa
- 186. Global Health Advocates France, France
- 187. Global Justice Now, United Kingdom
- 188. Governance Links Tanzania, Tanzania
- 189. Group of 80+ South Africa-affiliated Academics, South Africa
- 190. Grupo de Articulación y Dialogo, Guatemala
- 191. Grupo de Estudos em Economia Industrial, Brazil
- 192. Grupo de Incentivo à Vida GIV, Brazil
- 193. Grupo de Resistência Asa Branca- GRAB, Brazil
- 194. GTP+ Grupo de Trabalhos em Prevenção Posithivo, Brazil
- 195. Handelskampanjen, Norway
- 196. Health GAP, South Africa
- 197. Health Equity Initiatives, Malaysia
- 198. Health Innovation in Practice, Switzerland
- 199. Health Right Network, Republic of Korea
- 200. Hepatitis Scotland, United Kingdom
- 201. HIV Legal Network, Canada
- 202. Hospice Palliative Care Association (HPCA), South Africa
- 203. Human Rights Information and Training Center -HRITC, Yemen, Middle East
- 204. Indonesia AIDS Coalition, Indonesia
- 205. Indonesia for Global Justice (IGJ), Indonesia
- 206. Initiative for Health & Equity in Society, India
- 207. Instituto Brasileiro de Análises Sociais e Econômicas, Brazil
- 208. instituto para el desarrollo y la paz amazonica, Tarapoto región San Martín Perú
- 209. Instituto Vida Nova Integração Social Educação e cidadania, Brazil
- 210. Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE) Bangladesh
- 211. International Community of Women living with HIV- Kenya Chapter, Kenya
- 212. International-Lawyers.Org Switzerland
- 213. IP Unit, Faculty of Law, University of Cape Town, South Africa
- 214. ISP Américas Public Service International, Brazil
- 215. IT for Change, India
- 216. Its Our Future, New Zealand
- 217. Jan Swasthya Abhiyan Rajasthan, India
- 218. Just Treatment, United Kingdom
- 219. Kamara organic promoter, Rwanda

| 220.         | Kerala Sasthra Sahithya Parishad, India   |
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| 221.         | Knowledge commune, South Korea  |
| 222.         | Khulumani Support Group, South Africa   |
| 223.         | Korean Dentists Association for Healthy Society, South Korea                        |
| 224.         | Korean Federation Medical Activist Groups for Health Rights (Association of Korea   |
|              | Doctors for health rights, Association of Physicians for Humanism, Korean Dentist's |
|              | Association for Healthy Society, Korean Pharmacists for Democratic Society,         |
|              | Solidarity for worker's health), Republic of Korea)                                 |
| 225.         | Korean Pharmacists for Democratic Society, South Korea                              |
| 226.         | La Mundial, Spain   |
| 227.         | Lawyers Collective, India   |
| 228.         | Les anges du ciel, Afrique Centrale, DRCongo  |
| 229.         | Look Good Feel Better (LGFB), South Africa  |
| 230.         | Love Your Nuts (LYN), South Africa  |
| 231.         | Low Cost Standard Therapeutics, India   |
| 232.         | Lupus Foundation of South Africa, South Africa                                      |
| 233.         | Lymphoedema Association of South Africa (LAOSA), South Africa                       |
| 234.         | Madhyam, India  |
| 235.         | Malawi Network of Religious Leaders Living with or Personally Affected by HIV       |
| 233.         | and AIDS (MANERELA+), Malawi  |
| 236.         | Malaysian Food Security And Sovereignty Forum (FKKM), Malaysia                      |
| 237.         | Malaysian Women's Action on Tobacco Control and Health (MyWATCH), Malaysia          |
| 238.         | Marie Stopes South Africa   |
| 239.         | Medical Students Association of India   |
| 240.         | Medico international, Germany   |
| 241.         | Médicos sin marca Colombia  |
| 242.         | Medicusmundi, Spain   |
| 243.         | Men's Foundation, South Africa  |
| 244.         | Merebank Activist forum, South Africa   |
| 245.         | Misión Salud, Colombia  |
| 246.         | Mopaids Movimento Paulistano de Luta Contra a Aids, Brazil                          |
| 247.         | New Zealand Council of Trade Unions, New Zealand                                    |
| 248.         | National Council Against Smoking, South Africa                                      |
| 249.         | National Fisheries Solidarity Movement, Sri Lanka                                   |
| 250.         | National Oncology Nursing Society of SA (NONSA), South Africa                       |
| 251.         | National Union of Public and General Employees, Canada                              |
| 252.         | National University of Colombia, Colombia   |
| 253.         | National Working Group on Patent Laws and WTO, India                                |
| 254.         | Nepal Integrated Development Initiatives (NIDI), Nepal                              |
| 255.         | NGO Federation of Nepal, Nepal  |
| 256.         | NGO's platform of Saida- Lebanon  |
| 257.         | Nikithemba NPO, South Africa  |
| 258.         | Non-communicable Disease Alliance Kenya, Kenya                                      |
| 259.         | Observatório de Políticas e do Cuidado em Saúde/ Pólo UERJ, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil  |
| 260.         | Ongd AFRICANDO, Spain   |
| 261.         | Organisation des Ruraux pour une Agriculture Durable (ORAD), Benin                  |
| 262.         | OTMeds (Observatoire de la transparence dans les politiques du médicament), France  |
| 263.         | Pancreatic Cancer Network of SA (PanCan), South Africa                              |
| 264.         | Palestinian NGOs Network, Palestine   |
| 265.         | PAPDA, (Plateforme haïtienne de plaidoyer pour un développement alternative) Haïti  |
| 266.         | Participatory Ecological Land Use Management Association Eswatini, Swaziland        |
| 267.         | Participatory Research Action Network (PRAN), Bangladesh                            |
| 267.<br>268. | Partnership Network Association, Kyrgyzstan   |
| 268.<br>269. | Pan-African Treatment Access Movement (PATAM), Zimbabwe                             |
| 209.<br>270. | People Living With Cancer (PLWC), South Africa                                      |
| 410.         | reopie Living with Cancer (1 Live), South Africa                                    |

- 271. People's Health Institute, Republic of Korea
- 272. People's Health Movement Australia
- 273. People's Health Movement Kenya
- 274. People's Health Movement Nepal
- 275. People's Health Movement South Africa
- 276. Phoenix Center for Economics & Informatics Studies-Jordan
- 277. Phoenix PLUS, Russia
- 278. Phoenix Settlement Trust, KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa
- 279. Pink Parasol Project, South Africa
- 280. Pink Trees for Pauline (Pink Trees), South Africa
- 281. Plataforma No Gracias, Spain
- 282. Plataforma Salud y Sanidad Pública Asturias, SPAIN
- 283. Pocket Cancer Support, South Africa
- 284. Policies for Equitable Access to Health (PEAH), Italy
- 285. Policy Analysis and Research of Lesotho, Lesotho
- 286. Positive Initiative, Republic of Moldova
- 287. Positive Malaysian Treatment Access & Advocacy Group (MTAAG+), Malaysia
- 288. Positive response for treatment access, adherence and support foundation, Nigeria
- 289. Prayas, India
- 290. Presentation Sisters, Wagga Wagga, NSW Australia
- 291. Prince MSHIYENI MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, South Africa
- 292. Program on Human Rights and the Global Economy, Northeastern U. School of Law, US
- 293. Public Citizen, United States
- 294. Public Eye, Switzerland
- 295. Public Health Association of Australia
- 296. Rajasthan vidyut prasaran mazdoor congres intuc, Rajastan, India
- 297. Rainbows and Smiles, South Africa
- 298. Reach for Recovery (RFR), South Africa
- 299. Red Mexicana de acción frente al Libre Comercio (RMALC), Mexico
- 300. Rede Brasileira Pela Integração dos Povos (REBRIP), Brazil
- 301. Rede jovem Rio mais, Brazil
- 302. Religions for Peace South Africa
- 303. Republican public association "People PLUS", Belarus
- Research Foundation for Science Technology and Ecology, India
- 305. Réseau Accès aux Médicaments Essentiels, Burkina Faso
- 306. Réseau Mauritanien Pour L'Action Sociale- Mauritanie
- 307. Réseau PRODDES, République Démocratique du Congo
- 308. Right to Health Action [R2H Action], United States
- 309. Sahabat Alam Malaysia, Malaysia
- 310. Salud por Derecho, Spain
- 311. Salud y Fármacos, United States
- 312. Sampada Grameen Mahila Sanstha, India
- 313. Samuelson-Glushko Canadian Internet Policy & Public Interest Clinic, Canada
- 314. Sanidad española, Spain
- 315. Sankalp Rehabilitation Trust, India
- 316. Schizophrenia and Bipolar Disorders Alliance (SABDA), South Africa
- 317. SEARCH Foundation, Australia
- 318. SECTION27, South Africa
- 319. Sisters of Charity Federation, United States
- 320. Social Awareness Service Organisation, India
- 321. Social Watch Bénin
- 322. Social Watch Côte d'Ivoire
- 323. Social Watch Philippines
- 324. Society of Development and Care, Kenya

| 325.         | Solidarité Agissante pour le Développement Familial SADF, République Démocratique du Congo  |
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| 326.         | Solidarity for Worker's Health, Republic of Korea   |
| 327.         | S.O.S CEDIA - Criança e Desenvolvimento Integral De Angola  |
| 328.         | South African Food Sovereignty Campaign, South Africa   |
| 329.         | South African Oncology Social Workers' Forum (SAOSWF) South Africa  |
| 330.         | Southern and Eastern Africa Trade Information and Negotiations Institute, Uganda  |
| 330.<br>331. |   |
| 332.         | Southern & East African Trade Institute - South Africa (SEATINI), South Africa  |
| 332.<br>333. | Speaking 4 the Planet, Australia  |
| 333.<br>334. | STOPAIDS, United Kingdom Students for Clobal Health, United Kingdom   |
|              | Students for Global Health, United Kingdom Sulvey Walfare Organization, Policiton   |
| 335.         | Sukaar Welfare Organization, Pakistan   |
| 336.         | T1International, United Kingdom   |
| 337.         | Tax Justice Network Africa, Uganda  |
| 338.         | TB Proof, South Africa  |
| 339.         | TEDIC NGO, Paraguay   |
| 340.         | Terre A Vie, Ouagadougou ; Burkina Faso   |
| 341.         | The Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives, Canada  The Clabel Networks of Possels Living with HIV (CNR) Netherlands                   |
| 342.         | The Global Network of People Living with HIV (GNP+) Netherlands   |
| 343.         | The Grail in Australia Justice Network, Australia   |
| 344.         | The Organization of Journalists Against Drugs and Crime in Tanzania   |
| 345.         | The Sunflower Funds (TSF), South Africa   |
| 346.         | Think Tank "Medicines, Information and Power" of the National University of   |
| 2.47         | Colombia Third World Network Africa Change  |
| 347.         | Third World Network- Africa, Ghana  |
| 348.         | Trade Justice Pilipinas, Philippines  |
| 349.<br>350  | Treatment Action Campaign (TAC), South Africa   |
| 350.         | TRANSSMART TRUST, Zimbabwe  |
| 351.<br>352  | Tripla Difesa Onlus, Italy  TDCSS (Transdiction of Proceed Cleater of Scotting Hills Stadies) DHI                                       |
| 352.         | TRCSS (Transdisciplinary Research Cluster on Sustainability Studies) JNU  |
| 2.52         | Jawaharial Nehru University, New Delhi, India   |
| 353.         | Treatment Action Group, United States  The South African Depression and Applicate Group (SADAG), South African                          |
| 354.         | The South African Depression and Anxiety Group (SADAG), South Africa  |
| 355.         | the South African Federation of Mental Health (SAFMH),  |
| 356.         | the South African Non-Communicable Diseases Alliance (SANCD Alliance)   |
| 357.         | the Cancer Alliance including Advocates for Breast Cancer, South Africa   |
| 358.<br>250  | The Stop Stock Outs Project (SSP), South Africa   |
| 359.<br>360  | Trade Justice PEI, Canada   |
| 360.         | UDK Consultancy, Malawi   |
| 361.         | ULOAUganda land owners association, Uganda  |
| 362.<br>362  | Unions WA, Western Australia  |
| 363.         | Union fédérale des consommateurs - Que Choisir, France  |
| 364.<br>365. | Vietnam Network of People living with HIV (VNP+), Vietnam VREDE Foundation for Young People with Cancer (Vrede Foundation) South Africa |
|              | War on Want, United Kingdom   |
| 366.<br>367. | , c   |
| 368.         | Washington Biotechnology Action Council, United States  |
| 369.         | Wemos, The Netherlands We Rise and Presence (WP AP), Heands   |
| 370.         | We Rise and Prosper (WRAP), Uganda Wings of Hone (WoH) South A frien  |
|              | Wings of Hope (WoH) South Africa Win Without Wor. United States   |
| 371.<br>372. | Win Without War, United States Woman Health Philippines   |
| 372.<br>373. | Women Engage for a Common Future – The Netherlands  |
| 373.<br>374. | Women's Coalition Against Cancer, Malawi  |
| 374.<br>375. | World Vision Deutschland e.V.,Germany   |
| 375.<br>376. | Word Vision Dedischiand e. v., Germany Wote Youth Development Projects, Kenya   |
| 510.         | wote routi Development rojects, Kenya   |

- 377. Yemeni Observatory for Human Rights-Yemen
- Zambia Alliance for Agroecology and Biodiversity, Lusaka 378.
- Zimbabwe National Network of PLHIV (ZNNP+), Zimbabwe 379.

<sup>1</sup> https://www.un.org/development/desa/dpad/wp-content/uploads/sites/45/LDC-testing-30-Sep.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Small group of rich nations have bought up more than half the future supply of leading COVID-19 vaccine contenders, https://www.oxfam.org/en/press-releases/small-group-rich-nations-have-bought-more-half-future-supply-leading-covid-19 <sup>3</sup> Astra Zeneca vaccine document shows limit of no-profit pledge, Financial Times, 7<sup>th</sup> October 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Pharma leaders shoot down WHO voluntary pool for patent rights on Covid-19 products, Pharmalot, 28th May 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See for example: Pfizer-BioNTech, Regeneron sued for patent infringement with COVID-19 products https://www.fiercepharma.com/pharma/pfizer-biontech-regeneron-sued-for-infringement-allele-s-patent-their-covid-19products; Lawsuit reveals intellectual property is holding back production of CEPI- and Gates Foundation-funded COVID-19 vaccine candidate, https://twn.my/title2/briefing\_papers/twn/Hammond.pdf; Pandemic intellectual property dispute deepens as Inovio iscountersued, leaving its COVID-19 candidate in limbo, https://twn.my/title2/briefing\_papers/twn/Inovio%20countersued%20IP-COVID%20Jul%202020%20Hammond.pdf; Patent dispute looms as a major complication for Moderna's COVID-19 vaccine. https://twn.my/title2/briefing\_papers/twn/Moderna%20IP-COVID%20Aug%202020%20Hammond.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For example, price of remdesivir in the US amounts to US\$ 3120 per treatment and licensed generic versions in India cost US\$ from 587 to 792 per treatment course<sup>6</sup>, while estimated minimum cost to manufacture remdesivir with a reasonable profit margin is only US\$ 9 per treatment course.

India and South Africa proposal for WTO waiver from intellectual property protections for COVID-19-related medical technologies, MSF October 2020, https://msfaccess.org/india-and-south-africa-proposal-wto-waiver-ip-protections-covid-19-related-medical-technologies