"In her press release, Appellant stated: 'Upon viewing documents presented by the Haynes [sic] attorney of Kelman's prior testimony from a case in Arizona, Dr. Kelman altered his under oath statements on the witness stand. He admitted The Manhattan Institute, a national political think-tank, paid GlobalTox \$40,000 to write a position paper regarding the potential health risks of toxic mold exposure." [sic, omitted, for the position statement of the US Chamber of Commerce]

<u>THIS COURT IS AWARE THAT MR. KELMAN AND MR SCHEUER WANT</u> <u>MRS. KRAMER GAGGED FROM BEING ABLE TO WRITE OF HOW PRIOR</u> <u>COURTS AND MR. SCHEUER FRAMED HER FOR LIBEL OVER THE WORDS,</u> <u>"altered his under oath statements"</u>

In the original complaint of this case filed in November of 2010, Mr. Kelman wanted Mrs. Kramer gagged from writing the following as illustrated by the original proposed Temporary Injunctive Relief Order which states:

"The libelous passage of the press release states: 'Dr. Bruce Kelman of GlobTox, Inc, a Washington based environmental risk management company, testified as an expert witness for the defense, as he does in mold cases through the country. Upon viewing documents presented by the Hayne's [sic} attorney of Kelman's prior testimony from a case in Arizona, Dr. Kelman altered his under oath statements on the witness stand. He admitted the Manhattan Institute, a national political think tank, paid GlobalTox \$40,000 to write a position paper regarding the potential health risks of toxic mold exposure."

The Court is aware that they wanted Mrs. Kramer gagged from writing absolutely true statements of how it became a false concept in US public health policy that it was scientifically proven moldy buildings do not harm, with the prior courts framing her for libel for the truthful words. This is evidenced by the fact that this Court understood Mrs. Kramer's writing accurately stated the think-tank money was for the US Chamber Mold Statement and did not grant Mr. Kelman's request that Mrs. Kramer could be gagged by temporary injunctive relief order "TIRO" from writing all of the above.

Instead, the Court granted a TIRO containing the five words for which Mrs. Kramer was sued and framed for libel, "*altered his under oath statements*" while gagging her from writing a sentence that is not even in Mrs. Kramer's writing of March 2005. This Court ordered by TIRO that Mrs. Kramer' be enjoined from writing, "Dr. Kelman altered his under oath statements on the witness stand' when he testified in a trial in Oregon." [sic, that based solely on his toxicology model, he professed it was proven the Haynes children's illnesses "Could not be" caused by mold toxins]

<u>MR. KELMAN *DID* COMMIT PERJURY – IN KELMAN & GLOBALTOX V.</u> <u>KRAMER TO ESTABLISH FALSE THEME FOR MALICE</u>

Within the Retraction proposed by Mr. Kelman, it states that Mrs. Kramer is to sign under penalty of perjury, <u>"I do not believe that Dr. Kelman committed perjury. I apologize</u> to Dr. Kelman and is colleagues at VeriTox, Inc. for all the statements that I have made that stated or implied otherwise." The only words for which Mrs. Kramer has been sued and deemed by the courts to be a malicious liar are "altered his under oath statements". In libel law one must establish a reason for malice. The undisputed evidence in both libel cases is that Mr. Kelman committed perjury to establish a false theme for Mrs. Kramer to harbored malice for him. He submitted declarations three times which falsely stated that when retained as an expert defense witness in Mrs. Kramer's mold litigation (2002-03) he had testified the "types and amount of mold in the Kramer house could not have caused the life threatening illnesses she claimed.". His attorney then wrote as a false reason of why Mrs. Kramer was writing of the fraud in US public health policy, "Apparently furious that the science conflicted with her dreams of a remodeled home, Kramer launched into an obsessive campaign to destroy the reputation of Dr. Kelman and GlobalTox."

All courts suppressed Mrs. Kramer's uncontroverted evidence that Mr. Kelman gave no such malice causing testimony in Mrs. Kramer's mold litigation, including declarations submitted by attorneys involved in the case. All courts ignored the fact that there was not a single piece of evidence presented that Mrs. Kramer was in the least unhappy with Mr. Kelman's involvement in her own mold litigation. All courts ignored the evidence that Mrs. Kramer received approximately \$500K in settlement from the case.

On July 15, 2011, Mrs. Kramer asked this Court that Mr. Kelman's attorney be made to corroborate the reason given for malice – as no court in the prior case would make him and all suppressed the evidence that he was perjury to establish needed theme for malice.