Here's how Labour will pay for their manifesto policies and what it means for your taxes

Mirror.co.uk /news/politics/heres-how-labour-pay-manifesto-10432615

Labour launched its manifesto this morning promising a string of eye-catching policies including scrapping tuition fees and re-nationalising railways.

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Labour's dramatic public spending plans will cost nearly £50bn-a year, the party revealed today.

But every penny of the £48.6bn annual cost of Labour's left-wing manifesto is costed through tax hikes for the rich, the manifesto says.

Here's a quick roundup of the numbers.

What are the big costs in the manifesto?

- Scrapping tuition fees and restoring maintenance grants: £11.2bn
- Investment in schools: £6.3bn
- Universal childcare: 5.3bn
- NHS investment: £5bn
- Scrapping public sector pay cap: £4bn
- Extra money for social care: £2bn

How will they pay for it - and how will my taxes change?

Corporation tax

- Almost half of this huge public investment programme will be funded by reversing the Tory cuts to corporation tax paid by the biggest firms.
- Bringing the rate back up to 26% will raise £19.4bn a year, the party said today.

Income tax

- Anyone earning more than £80,000-a-year will see their income tax rate hikes from 40p to 45p in the pound, documents released alongside the manifesto show
- And anyone earning more the £123,000-a-year will pay a new 50p rate of tax
- Nobody earning less than £80,000-a-year which accounts for 95% of earners will pay a penny more in tax under Labour plans, the manifesto states
- These new taxes will raise £6.4bn

If you earn £100,000 a year, you'll pay an extra

£1,000

a year

£19.23

a week

IFS/HMRC

If you earn £150,000 a year you'll pay an extra

£5425

a year

£104

a week

IFS/HMRC

If you earn less than £80,000 a year you'll pay an extra

£0

a year

£0

a week

IFS/HMRC

VAT and National Insurance

• Jeremy Corbyn explicitly ruled out raising VAT or National Insurance

The 'Fat Cat Tax'

- A new "excessive pay levy" would be charged to firms with employees on more than £330,000 a year
- Labour don't say in their documentation what the rate would be but they believe it would raise £1.3bn

Clamping down on tax avoidance

- Labour vowed to raise **£6.5bn** from a clampdown on tax avoidance, and **£5.6bn** by extending stamp duty taxes to some City transactions
- Rolling back corporate tax reliefs will raise another **£3.8bn** -a-year, and reversing Tory cuts to capital gains tax, inheritance tax and the married couples allowance will raise **£3.7bn**
- Scrapping the VAT exemption on private school fees will raise £1.6bn

What if their estimates are wrong?

• The party's costings also include almost **£4bn** -a-year of headroom to allow for "uncertainty" and people changing their behaviour to lower tax payments