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6		OF CALIFORNIA
7	SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
. 8	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, NORTH DISTRICT	
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12		CASE NO. GIN044539
13	BRUCE J. KELMAN,	Declaration of Lincoln D. Bandlow
	Plaintiff	Declaration of Lincoln D. Daniel
14	V.	[Assigned for All Purposes To Hon. Lisa
15		C. Schall, Department 31]
16		Hearing Date: December 12, 2008
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13	Defendant.	
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1. I am a partner in the law firm Spillane Shaeffer Aronoff Bandlow LLP and I am licensed to practice law in the State of California. I have personal knowledge of the facts set

forth herein and if sworn as a witness I could and would testify competently thereto.

I, Lincoln D. Bandlow, hereby declare as follows:

2. In August of 2007, I was retained by Defendant Sharon Kramer to represent her in this action. I represented her from that period until on or about September 12, 2008, when Mrs. Kramer substituted into the case to act on her own behalf. I represented Mrs. Kramer at the trial of this matter which took place from August 18, 2008 through August 26, 2008.

3. On numerous occasions throughout the trial of this matter, I attempted to present evidence of Mrs. Kramer's state of mind when she wrote the press release that was the subject of the litigation. In particular, Mrs. Kramer's understanding of (1) the science that formed the basis of plaintiff Bruce Kelman's frequent testimony and writings on the issue of the dangers of mold exposure and (2) the relationship between the ACOEM Paper and the Manhattan Institute Report and the effect of that relationship on the testimony of Bruce Kelman in not only the *Haynes* case, but any future testimony that Kelman might provide. Her understanding of these two crucial points directly and materially effected her state of mind when she wrote the press release and why she wrote the words "altered his under oath statements" that were the entire basis for plaintiffs' claims in this action. The Court, however, over my strenuous objections, consistently prevented me and Mrs. Kramer from presenting this crucial evidence to the jury.

4. I am now aware that two documents were submitted to the jury in this matter that were never introduced, authenticated or discussed in any manner during the trial and which were highly prejudicial. During the trial, I introduced Exhibit 53 and had it authenticated by Kelman. My understanding of Exhibit 53 as I presented it at trial was that it was a one page letter from Globaltox to the Manhattan Institute followed by five pages of invoices that evidenced work performed by Globaltox for the Manhattan Institute in connection with the preparation of the Manhattan Institute Report (collectively the "Institute Information"). I introduced the Institute

Information during the cross examination of Kelman, who authenticated it and I then moved to have the Institute Information admitted into evidence. There was no objection and the Institute Information was admitted. I later questioned Coreen Robbins about the Institute Information during my cross examination of her.

- Shelby Stuntz was that three additional documents were attached to this exhibit (unbeknownst to me) and submitted to the jury, two of which had never been authenticated or discussed. The first attached document was a one page email from Michael Holland to Bruce Kelman (the "Holland Email"). The Holland Email, however, was in fact introduced and admitted into evidence as **Exhibit 59** just prior to closing arguments (Kelman's attorney stipulated to its admission without the need for testimony to authenticate it). The fact that I introduced this document after Exhibit 53 had been entered into evidence underscores how I was not aware that this document was part of Exhibit 53 because, obviously, if I was aware that this document was part of an exhibit already admitted, there would have been no need to separately admit it as Exhibit 59.
- 6. The second document that went to the jury as part of Exhibit 53 was an email from Daniel Sudakin to Bruce Kelman, which forwarded another email from Daniel Sudakin to Bruce Kelman about "Sharon Kramer and Renata Zilch" (the "Sudakin Email"). The Sudakin Email was never introduced, authenticated, discussed or referenced in any way during the trial, nor was any information about an article written under the name "Renata Zilch" ever remotely discussed in the case. Not only is the Sudakin Email inadmissible hearsay, but it includes highly prejudicial (and false) statements that Mrs. Kramer was engaging in "harassment and cyberstalking" and disseminating "misinformation" and "attacks."
- 7. The third document was a letter from James Schaller to Sudakin (which Sudakin had attached to the Sudakin Email) (the "Schaller Letter"). The Schaller Letter was never introduced, authenticated, discussed or referenced in any way during the trial, nor was any information about Schaller or the matters discussed in his letter ever remotely discussed in the case. The Schaller Letter is inadmissible hearsay and prejudicial.

8. I never intended for the Sudakin Email or the Schaller Letter to be allowed into		
evidence in this case or go to the jury (in fact, I would have objected to them being introduced in		
the case on the grounds that they are hearsay, irrelevant and prejudicial). I am not sure how the		
Sudakin Email and Schaller Letter became part of Exhibit 53, although I am aware that that these		
documents were at one time all marked together with the Institute Information as a separate		
deposition exhibit for Kelman's deposition. When it came to trial exhibits, however, my copy of		
the trial exhibits that I used during the trial did not have the Holland Email as part of Exhibit 53		
(as mentioned, it was separately marked as Exhibit 59), the Sudakin Email (which was also		
separately included in the Exhibit binders as Exhibit 60 but never introduced or admitted at trial)		
or the Schaller letter (which I do not believe was included as a separate exhibit). Rather, my		
copy of the exhibits simply showed Exhibit 53 being the Institute Information, which I spent		
considerable time on during the trial. Thus, when Exhibit 53 was admitted into evidence, I		
believed that it only included the Institute Information.		

9. After the trial was over, I spoke to a juror on the case, Shelby Stuntz. She informed me that numerous jurors were unsure if plaintiffs had met their burden to demonstrate actual malice in the case but that a number of them had then relied on the Sudakin Email and Schaller Letter, particularly the language in the Sudakin Email about "harassment and cyberstalking" to reach the conclusion that actual malice had been shown. Thus, it appears that the Sudakin Email and the Schaller Letter played a substantial, if not determinative, role in the verdict that was rendered against Mrs. Kramer. Moreover, it also demonstrates that the jury misunderstood the concept of actual malice, mistaking it for simple "personal malice" which they improperly concluded existed due to the Sudakin Email.

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct and that this Declaration was executed by me on this 30th day of October, 2008, in Los Angeles, California.

LINCOLN BANDLOW